

PHOENIX'S TESTIMONY
FOR STATEHOOD IS INMuch Oral and Ocular Evidence Was
Presented

The Senate Sub-Committee Was Shown Many Reasons in a Morning Drive, for the Admission of Arizona—The Afternoon Was Consumed by Committee Hearings—A Busy Day Rounded Out by a Brilliant Reception. Departure Last Night of the Senatorial Visitors for the South, It Is Believed, Well Impressed.

The senate sub-committee on territories concluded its visit to Phoenix at midnight last night, having spent more time here than at any other place in the itinerary, and having evidently received a more favorable impression than was received at any other place. Not a minute of the stay of the senatorial gentlemen was wasted. It has been the custom to take visitors around the town and valley for their amusement and gratification. The members of the sub-committee went over the same ground in the way of work, to see what the aspiring territory had to offer in support of its claims to statehood. The afternoon until a late hour was spent in gathering oral testimony from all possible sources, and much of the testimony was procured by rigid cross-questioning.

The drive about town and the surrounding country took place in the forenoon. The senatorial party was divided among citizens as follows: Senator Beveridge in a carriage with Governor Murphy, General Ainsworth and B. A. Fowler; Senator Dillingham in a carriage with Mayor Talbot, Frank Cox and Dr. A. J. Chandler; Senator Helfferich with Hon. Mark A. Smith and L. H. Chalmers; Senator Burnham with former Governor McCord, Dwight B. Heard and Dr. E. W. Wilbur. Another carriage for the press contained Colonel McClintock, Secretary Thomas R. Shipp of the committee, and Mr. Osborne, the Associated Press correspondent accompanying the party.

The drive was made along East Washington street and a short stop was made at the city hall. The capital was the next place visited. Governor Brodie received the visitors. They also called upon Secretary Stoddard, Territorial Auditor Nichols and Surveyor General Pidge. The party returned to the city and called upon Judge Kent in his chambers and remained at the court house through the opening of the court.

Then a tour was made north of the city and east to the Indian school, where the pupils performed the fire drill. The drive had been so timed that the carriages would arrive at the corner of Adams and Center streets at the noon hour, when the schools would be dismissed. The pupils from the other schools had been massed there, so that they made an imposing array, and probably occasioned the senators the most profound surprise they had en-

countered. There was a howling fifteen hundred of them as the carriages were driven along the east front. The distinguished visitors acknowledged their welcome by frequent raising of their hats. The carriages turned along the south front and the cheers continued. "These," said Mr. Fowler to Senator Beveridge, "are representatives of the great east. A very large majority of them are children of parents who came from east of the Mississippi." "This is remarkable," replied the senator, with his gaze still fixed upon the school yard. "This is remarkable," he repeated. The other senators were as profoundly impressed.

That was a fitting climax and end of the tour, and after lunch the senators took up the business of the investigation. Witnesses representing the city and county governments were sent for. They were admitted to the room one at a time and were sworn. The questioning was for the most part conducted by Senator Beveridge. One of the witnesses was City Assessor Luke. The committee wanted to know about the city's income and how it was derived. The matter of licensees was gone into at great length, and that led to the subject of saloons and the keeping of them open all night and Sundays. Among the witnesses were Mr. F. J. Murphy, former Governor McCord, Judge Kirby and others, who it was thought could lay before the committee in the shortest possible time the information of which it was in search.

The Mexican population of the territories is a feature of the investigation which has been followed very closely by the committee in the course of its tour through New Mexico. Representatives of that population summoned yesterday were Pedro de la Loma, Teodoro Olen and M. Otero.

There were two others who had not been regularly summoned. They were Judge Street and B. A. Fowler, who with the consent of the committee, or rather at its suggestion, had been sent to present the side of the territory, so that they appeared as advocates rather than as witnesses. They were told that the committee would not require from them any information in the way of figures or statistics, but would hear any observations they might have to make. Both made strong arguments upon the information already in the hands of the committee. Mr. Fowler told the committee that wealth alone was not a qualification

for statehood. He would not urge upon the committee the green fields and the fat cattle they had seen, but he would speak of the class of citizenship they had seen in the course of their journey about town, and the guarantee of the future population they had seen at the schools.

In the course of the day the following communication was submitted to the committee:

"We the undersigned, in behalf of the Empire State society of Arizona, representing one thousand citizens of the Salt River valley, and thousands of other New Yorkers in the territory of Arizona, respectfully petition your honorable body to grant us re-enfranchisement."

"LEWIS HALSEY, President.
"T. E. DALTON, Treasurer.
"C. F. AINSWORTH, Vice President."

Senator Beveridge, in referring to the document, especially noted the significant word "re-enfranchisement." A great mass of testimony was gathered together in the course of the afternoon. Most of it was in the shape of stenographer's notes, which will be written out and prepared for the digestion of the senate before the omnibus bill comes up next month. The senators ventured no expression of opinion that had been made upon them by the things they had seen, and nobody asked for an expression.

The closing hours of their stay in Phoenix was marked by a reception at the Hotel Adams. The visitors were given a better opportunity than ever to view the class of citizenship who are clamoring for admission to statehood. Pretty much the whole town turned out to do honor to the members of the committee. The reception took place in the hotel ordinary. The sides of the room were banked with flowers and the chandeliers were veiled with evergreen. The ladies wore their brightest dresses and the gentlemen wore, some clad in evening dress and some in business suits; but however garbed a better looking and more self-respecting body of men and women could not have been collected together in the United States. Among those who called was Henry Wickensburg of Wickensburg, who was introduced to the senators by Mr. F. M. Murphy. Mr. Wickensburg has lived in the territory for forty years, and is himself a proof of the struggles through which Arizona has gone to cut itself out from the great American desert and reclaim the land from the savage tribes.

The reception was concluded at half past ten o'clock. Half an hour later the senators went to their car, which was sent out by Superintendent Porter of the M. & P. before midnight. They were accompanied to the south by Gov. Brodie and Delegate Smith.

The party will reach Tucson at 8 o'clock this morning, and will remain there until noon. The next place on the itinerary is Bisbee. From there the senators will go to Deming and Las Cruces and resume the investigation of New Mexico.

A ROYAL EPIDEMIC
AUTHORITATIVELY DENIED

No Truth in Story of Illness of Russian Imperial Family.

London, November 18.—Europe has been flooded for weeks with dispatches from various places in Russia, giving alarming stories of the ill-health of the czar, the czarina, the czarovich and other members of the imperial family, but most of them have already been authoritatively denied. The czar and czarina on Sunday appeared on the landing stage at Yalta, Crimea, to welcome Prince and Princess Nicholas of Greece.

Both their majesties appeared well. The rumors of the serious illness of the czarovich, Grand Duke Michael, are denied in a dispatch to the Associated Press, which arrived here this evening and which was sent from St. Petersburg yesterday. The dispatch adds that the czarovich had arranged to hunt today with a party of diplomats.

CAUGHT IN A WRECK.

On the Southern Pacific at Devers, Texas.

Devers, Tex., November 18.—An east bound Southern Pacific passenger train was wrecked here today. The engine, near J. Burts, of Houston, was caught under the engine and, probably fatally injured. Fireman Floyd, also of Houston, was badly scalded and otherwise injured but it is not believed that he will die. The only passenger who was severely injured is W. A. Walton, a traveling man of Belton, Tex.

FOOD TO USE
When Doctor Is Not Convenient.

Many people dislike to call in a doctor until it is absolutely necessary; frequently a change of food will work wonders.

A young lady in Russellville, Ky., says: "I was taken ill six weeks ago, and could not take solid food; was only allowed to eat soup and milk. In about a week, I got so weak and nervous I could not sleep. Father wanted to call in a doctor, but I objected, as I didn't feel I needed medicine as much as good food. The next day father had to go to town, and brought back a package of Grape-Nuts with him, and I commenced to eat it twice a day in milk. I would get hungry for it from one time to the next. In a few nights, I could sleep soundly all night, and in two weeks I was up, and had actually gained flesh, and was as strong as before I got sick. "I would not be without Grape-Nuts now for anything, and my friends comment on my looks. I tell them I owe it to Grape-Nuts, and recommend it to all who complain of stomach trouble, which is the general complaint in this neighborhood." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

THE BEAR HUNT
WAS A FAILURE

The President Did Not Even
See One Alive

He Accepted the Situation as Hunter's Luck and the Next Time Will Arrange to Stay Long Enough for Bad Luck to Charge.

Smoked, Miss., November 18.—President Roosevelt's bear hunt in Mississippi is ended and he has not had even a shot at a bear. The last day of the chase was simply a repetition of the three preceding days, so far as his luck was concerned. Try as the hunters would, they could not get a bear within range of the president's rifle. The dogs caught a fresh trail this morning, and the president and Hoke Collier followed it half a dozen miles to the Big Snodgrass river.

The bear crossed a mile below the ford they went to, and, believing it was making for the canebrake on the other side, they endeavored to head it off. When they got into the brake, however, they were disgusted to find that the bear had doubled on his track and crossed the river still further down. It was then 1 o'clock and as arrangements had been made to break camp at 2:30 the president was reluctantly compelled to abandon further pursuit of the elusive quarry.

Although the president had failed to kill a bear on this expedition, he enjoyed his outing, and speaks in high praise of the hospitality that has been accorded him.

He philosophically attributed his ill-fortune to the traditional hunter's luck, and says the next time he goes after bear he will arrange to stay long enough for luck to change.

The breaking-up of camp today was an interesting proceeding. The camp outfit was loaded into six mule wagons, the beds and sides of which were formed of the boards used for the table and tent floors.

A bear killed today and the one killed yesterday were loaded and will be taken to Washington on the special train.

Upon the president's arrival from camp he found fully five hundred people, practically all negroes from the surrounding plantations assembled to greet him. He thanked them for their demonstration but made no speech. At 9:30 the special train started for Memphis.

AN OKLAHOMA MOB

With Which the Local Authorities Refused to Interfere.

Guthrie, Ok., November 18.—Both Governor Ferguson and United States Marshal Fossett were notified tonight by wire from Mangum, Greer county that a mob was forming to lynch two negro prisoners and appeals were made to those officers for assistance in protecting the prisoners, for the alleged reason that the city officials refused to act. No further particulars were given. But the governor and the marshal have taken the matter up by wire with the Greer county authorities and ordered them to do their duty.

ANTI-GOMPER'S MEN
NOT STRONG ENOUGH

The Federation President Will Be Re-Elected.

New Orleans, La., November 18.—The salary of the president of the American Federation of Labor was this afternoon increased from \$2,100 per annum to \$3,000, and the salary of the secretary from \$1,800 to \$2,500.

The increase was voted after a long debate in which fully thirty delegates participated. The feature of the debate was the attempt of the socialists in the convention to fix the president's salary at \$4,000 though they subsequently presented the resolution which fixed the salary at \$3,000.

Delegate Berger, of Milwaukee, speaking in behalf of the socialistic element which is opposed to the policy of the present administration of the organization, although it has no particular objection to either President Gompers, or Secretary Morrison as individuals, urged the resolution for \$4,000 salary, saying: "This is not a personal measure. I say frankly that if the socialists had the power in this convention they would turn out Gompers, Morrison and the entire executive board and elect socialists in order to carry out a socialistic policy in the American Federation of Labor. But the socialists are fair and they believe that labor organizations should not exploit their officers and employees. On the contrary labor organizations ought to pay the best of wages. Our treasury permits it and our organization comprising nearly one and a half million workers ought to pay a fair salary."

The special committee having before it the dispute between President Gompers and President Shaffer, of the Amalgamated Association, finally managed this afternoon by selecting L. A. Tannquary, of the telegrapher's, as the fifth member.

It spent the entire afternoon in taking testimony but does not expect to be able to present a report before Thursday morning. It is considered almost a foregone conclusion that it will report the future president to be Mr. Gompers. The committee on the president's annual address rendered its annual report and declared it was opposed to his suggestion for the formation of a national labor union.

There is yet no avowed candidate for the presidency against Mr. Gompers,

but there is quite an element among the delegates who are opposed to him and they are casting about for a candidate. At present their choice for the position is Vice President James Duncan, who has not, however, said that he will run. The anti-Gompers faction will make a strong effort to induce him to make the race. It is admitted, however, even by those who are opposed to Gompers that there is small chance for beating him.

HAVANA CIGARS.

A Possible General Strike May Make Them Higher.

Havana, November 18.—The cigar workers who have been out on a strike for the past two weeks now threaten to call a general strike of all trades unless their demands are granted. Thirteen factories are now closed, and the cigar workers of many others have voted to go out tomorrow.

BURROWED INTO A BANK.
Lisbon, November 18.—Thieves broke into the underground strong rooms of the banking firm of Pelurinho and have stolen the sum of \$165,000. One of the clerks of the bank has been arrested in connection with the robbery. The frequency with which such robberies have occurred recently is causing general alarm here.

COMMERCIAL
FINANCIAL

The Chief Feature of the Stock Market Was Liquidation.

New York, November 18.—The most noteworthy feature of today's market was the steady and persistent, though moderate liquidation. The movement carried prices down practically through the list.

STOCKS.

Atchison, 82; do preferred, 97 1/2; C. & O., 44 1/2; Big Four, 55 1/2; C. & S., 25 1/2; do preferred, 70 1/2; do second preferred, 43 1/2; Erie, 33 1/2; Great Northern preferred, 18 1/2; Manhattan, 14 1/2; Metropolitan, 13 1/2; Missouri Pacific, 10 1/2; New Jersey Central, 16 1/2; New York Central, 137; Pennsylvania, 154 1/2; St. Louis and San Francisco, 72; do preferred, 81; do second preferred, 79 1/2; St. Paul, 17 1/2; Southern Pacific, 62 1/2; Union Pacific, 99 1/2; Amalgamated Copper, 54 1/2; Anaconda, 88; Sugar, 117 1/2; U. S. Steel, 36 1/2; do preferred, 54; Western Union, 89; Santa Fe Copper, 15.

BONDS.

U. S. ref. 2s, reg. and coupon, 108 1/2; 3s, reg. and coupon, 108; new 4s, reg. and coupon, 136; old 4s, reg. and coupon, 109 1/2; 5s, reg. and coupon, 104.

METALS.

New York, November 18.—Copper was easier, with standard closing at \$10.75 nominal; lake, \$11.50; electrolytic, \$11.30; 11.30; casting, \$11.30; 11.40. There was a sale of 30,000 pounds of electrolytic for November delivery at \$11.50, after which additional supplies were offered at \$11.40. Copper in London was 2s 9d higher, spot closing at 51 1/2 3d, and futures, 51 1/2 3d.

Lead was quiet and unchanged here at 45c. But it advanced 3d in London, where it closed at 45 1/2 3d. Spelter was dull and unchanged, local quotations remaining at \$5.25 and London price 41s 10d.

WOOL.

Boston, Mass., November 18.—There continued to be a very active demand for all grades of wool here. There has been more inquiry from manufacturers and they have been buying freely. The demand has been pretty well distributed over this market, all desirable wools being in demand. The market is becoming well cleaned up on second wools at prices recently ruling. The whole situation is one of great firmness with stocks unusually small for the season. Fine staple territory wools continue in active demand with prices firm and dealers talking of at least a five per cent. advance. The tendency is upward with very good movement to the mills. Fine staple territory 56s; strictly fine, 56s; 56s; fine and fine medium, 56s; 56s; medium, 45s; 47c.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Chicago, November 18.—Corn was extremely active today and urgent demand from shorts caused higher prices, the close being 2 1/2c higher on December. December wheat closed 1/4c higher, but oats 1/4c lower. January provisions: closed from 5 to 7 1/2c; 10c lower.

December wheat opened 73 1/2c, advancing early to 75 1/2c and then declined to 73 1/2c. It closed at 73 1/2c. December corn opened 5 1/2c to 5 1/2c, sold to 5 1/2c, declined to 5 1/2c, reacted to 5 1/2c and closed at 5 1/2c. Oats for December closed 29 1/2c.

CATTLE AND SHEEP.

Chicago, November 18.—Cattle—Receipts, 500, all western steady; good to prime steers, \$6.00 to \$6.90; good to medium, \$3.25 to \$5.75; stockers and feeders, \$2.00 to \$4.75; cows, \$1.40 to \$3.50; heifers, \$2.00 to \$4.00; canners, \$1.00 to \$2.40; bulls, \$2.00 to \$4.50; calves, \$3.50 to \$7.00; Texas fed steers, \$3.00 to \$4.00; western steers, \$3.50 to \$5.50.

Sheep—Receipts, 22,000; steady to strong. Good to choice wethers, \$3.50 to \$4.10; fair to choice mixed, \$2.50 to \$3.50; western sheep, \$2.75 to \$3.50; native lambs, \$3.50 to \$5.25; western lambs, \$3.75 to \$4.75.

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RELAY OF ATTORNEYS
AGAINST MITCHELLFourth Day of the Cross-Examination
of the Union President

He Is Beginning to Show Signs of the Fierce Strain—The Arbitration Commission Suggests to the Lawyers for the Coal Companies the Uselessness of Going Over and Over the Same Ground—The Operators' Desperate Struggle to Avoid Recognition of the Union, by Showing Its Unworthiness.

Scranton, Pa., November 18.—President Mitchell, for the fourth successive day, occupied the witness stand during the two sessions of the strike commission and was cross-examined by three attorneys for as many coal companies. While a considerable amount of information for the enlightenment of the commissioners was brought to light, the day was a rather quiet one compared with those that have preceded it.

The arbitrators are growing restless in consequence of the long cross-examination, which apparently does not bring out the facts as quickly as the commission would like to have them presented. Several times during the course of today's session Chairman Gray reminded the attorneys of the value of time, and suggested that the cross-examination be limited to new features of those questions that have already been gone over.

Mr. Mitchell has been on the stand since last Friday morning, and is showing signs of weariness from the strain of four days' cross-examination.

GOVERNOR WRIGHT
WELCOMED HOME

Memphis Turns Out to Honor a Favorite Son.

Memphis, Tenn., November 18.—The homecoming of General Luke E. Wright after an absence of three years in the Philippines, was made memorable tonight by the citizens of Memphis. Cannon boomed a salute of 17 guns, bonfires were lighted on the particular thoroughfares and the streets were lined with people who shouted an enthusiastic welcome to the vice governor.

At Gayoso hotel an informal reception of an hour was held. Hundreds of friends grasped the hands of General and Mrs. Wright, and welcomed them on their return to Memphis. General Wright was visibly affected, and said he was glad to be at home again. His remarks were very brief, and after the reception he was escorted to his residence on Jasmine street.

Tomorrow will be a busy day for the

Mr. McVeagh, who began the cross-examination of Mr. Mitchell on Saturday, concluded at 11 o'clock today. The distinguished attorney centered most of his energies in trying to break down the miners' reasons for asking for a yearly agreement with the companies on the hours of labor, wages and other conditions which, it made, would be a recognition of the union. Mr. McVeagh's principal aim throughout his questioning of Mr. Mitchell was to show that the mine workers' union, because of alleged acts of intimidation, violence and use of boycott by its members, proved itself unfit to be a party to a contract.

Mr. Mitchell would not admit, nor even assume for the sake of illustrating points, of a reign of terror existing in the anthracite fields during the last six months. The recognition of the union is looked upon as the most important question before the commission, and it is quite evident from the trend of proceedings thus far that the companies will oppose it to their utmost ability.

vice governor. President Roosevelt and party will arrive from Mississippi at 9:30 o'clock in the morning.

WEATHER TO-DAY.

Washington, November 18.—Forecast: Arizona, fair Wednesday and Thursday except showers in mountain districts.

AN IRISH M. P. JAILED.

Dublin, November 18.—Wm. Baffin, M. P. (Nationalist) was sentenced today to three months' imprisonment for conspiracy and incitement to commit crime.

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